

# Solutions

Name \_\_\_\_\_

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## UWO Calculus 1000 Quiz 8

November 18, 2016

- (1) Find the most general antiderivative of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} + \sin 3x.$$

An antiderivative of  $\frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} = 5^{-1/2}$  is given by  $5 \frac{x^{-1/2+1}}{-1/2+1} = 5 \cdot 2 x^{1/2} = 10\sqrt{x}$ . An antiderivative of  $\sin 3x$  is given by  $-\frac{1}{3} \cos 3x$ . Therefore

Answers:

(A)  $\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$

(B)  $\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$

(C)  $10\sqrt{x} - 3 \cos 3x + C$

(D)  $10\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$

(E) None of these

the most general antiderivative of  $f$  is given by  $10\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C, C \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- (2) Let  $f(x)$  be the function such that  $f(0) = 0$  and

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^2+2}{1+x^2}.$$

Find  $f(1)$ .

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^2+2}{1+x^2} = \frac{x^2+1+1}{x^2+1} = \frac{x^2+1}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{x^2+1}.$$

So,  $f$  (as an antiderivative of  $f'$ ) is of the form

$f(x) = x + \arctan x + C$ , for some constant  $C \in \mathbb{R}$ . From  $f(0) = 0$  we get  $0 + \arctan 0 + C = 0$ , i.e.  $C = 0$ , therefore  $f(x) = x + \arctan x$ . It follows that  $f(1) = 1 + \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

Answers:

(A) 1

(B)  $\tan 1$

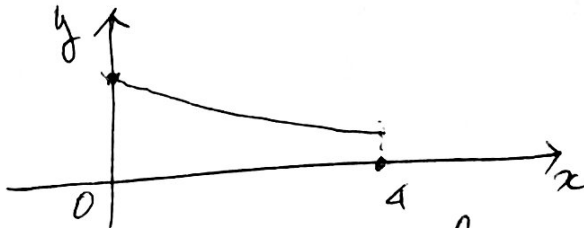
(C)  $1 + \frac{\pi}{4}$

(D)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

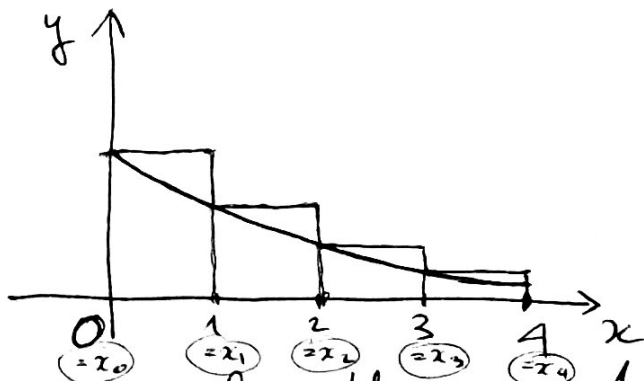
(E) None of these

- (3) Estimate the area under the graph of the function  $y = \frac{1}{1+x}$  on the interval  $[0, 4]$  using 4 intervals and the left endpoints.

The function  $y = \frac{1}{1+x}$  is decreasing on  $[0, 4]$ , so a sketch of its graph looks like this



Divide  $[0, 4]$  in four intervals of equal lengths, hence  $\Delta x = \frac{4}{4} = 1$ , and draw the rectangles given by the left endpoints:



Answers:

- (A)  $\frac{25}{12}$   
 (B)  $\frac{67}{60}$   
 (C)  $\frac{11}{6}$   
 (D)  $\frac{5}{4}$   
 (E) None of the above

The estimated area under the graph of  $y$  is

$$A = \sum_{i=0}^3 y(x_i) \underbrace{\Delta x}_1 = y(0) + y(1) + y(2) + y(3) =$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{12} \cdot \checkmark$$