

**Homework 2.**

Due October 7.

1. Show that if a function  $f(z)$  satisfies the Cauchy-Riemann equations at a point  $z_0$ , then all directional derivatives of  $f$  at  $z_0$  have the same value.
2. Let  $P(z, \bar{z}) = \sum_{m,n} z^m \bar{z}^n$  be a polynomial in  $z$  and  $\bar{z}$ . Prove that if there exists at least one nonzero monomial for which  $c_{m,n} \neq 0$  with  $n > 0$ , then the set of points where  $P(z, \bar{z})$  is  $\mathbb{C}$ -differentiable is nowhere dense in  $\mathbb{C}$ .
3. Suppose that  $P$  is a polynomial and that  $\frac{\partial}{\partial z} P = \frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{z}} P = 0$  for all  $z$ . Prove that  $P \equiv \text{const}$ .
4. Textbook, Ch. 2, Problem 4.
5. Textbook, Ch. 3, Problem 7.
6. (MATH 9024 only) Let  $U = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \text{Im } z > 0\}$ . Let

$$\phi(z) = \frac{\alpha z + \beta}{\gamma z + \delta},$$

where  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$  are real numbers with  $\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma > 0$ . Prove that  $\phi : U \rightarrow U$  is one-to-one and onto.

Conversely, prove that if

$$\psi(z) = \frac{az + b}{cz + d}, \quad a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{C}$$

is one-to-one and onto as a function  $\psi : U \rightarrow U$ , then  $a, b, c, d$  are real (after multiplying the fraction by a scalar), and  $ad - bc > 0$ .